



Video Solution on Website:-

<https://physicsaholics.com/home/courseDetails/55>

Video Solution on YouTube:-

https://youtu.be/_wYgopM3a5A

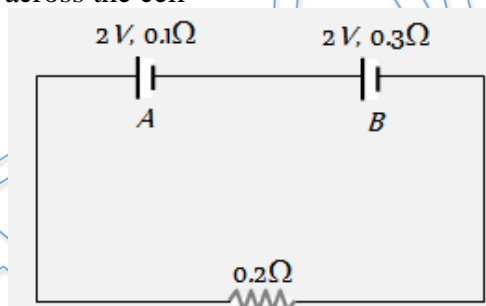
Written Solution on Website:-

<https://physicsaholics.com/note/notesDetails/52>

Q 1. A primary cell has an e.m.f. of 1.5 volts, when short-circuited it gives a current of 3 amperes. The internal resistance of the cell is

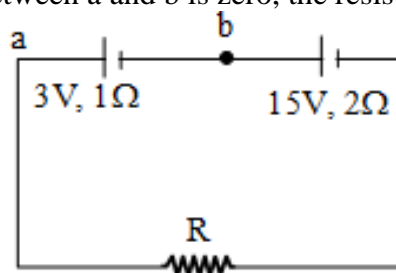
- (a) 4.5 (b) 2
(c) 0.5 (d) 1/4.5

Q 2. The internal resistance of two cells shown are 0.1 ohm and 0.3 ohm. If $R=0.2$ ohm, the potential difference across the cell



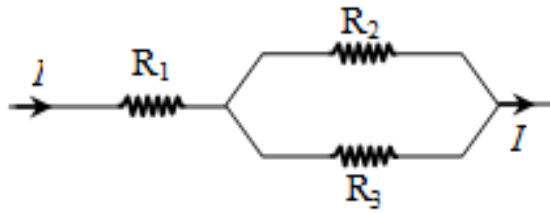
- (a) B will be zero (c) A and B will be 2V
(b) A will be zero (d) A will be >2V and B will < 2V be

Q 3. Two batteries one of the emf 3 V, internal resistance 1ohm and the other of emf 15V, internal resistance 2 ohm are connected in series with a resistance R as shown. If the potential difference between a and b is zero, the resistance R in ohms is -



- (A) 5 (B) 7
(C) 3 (D) 1

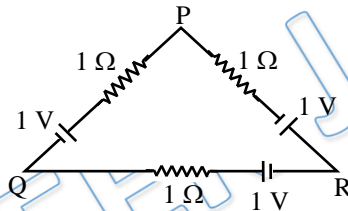
Q 4. For what ratio of R_1 , R_2 and R_3 , power developed across each resistor is equal -



- (A) 1 : 4 : 4 (B) 4 : 4 : 1
(C) 4 : 1 : 1 (D) 1 : 1 : 1

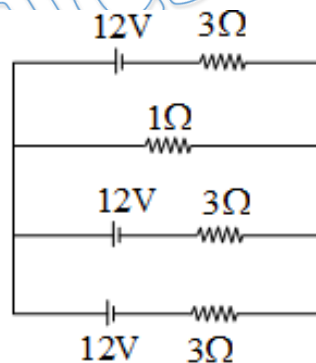
- Q 5. A 24 volt battery of internal resistance of 4 ohm is connected to a variable resistance. The rate of heat production in the resistor is maximum when current in the circuit is
(A) 2 A (B) 3 A
(C) 4 A (D) 6 A

- Q 6. Three batteries of emf 1V and internal resistance 1 ohm each are connected as shown. Effective emf of combination between the points PQ is –



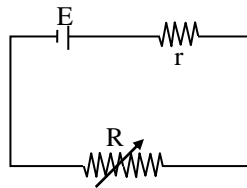
- (A) Zero (B) 1V
(C) 2V (D) 2/3 V

- Q 7. In adjacent circuit, current flowing in 1ohm resistance will be



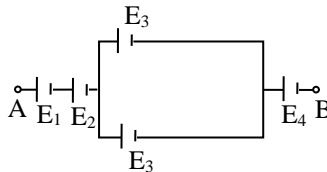
- (A) 3A (B) 4A
(C) 5A (D) 6A

- Q 8. In the figure shown, a cell of emf E and internal resistance r is connected to a variable resistor R. The (i) current in the circuit and (ii) heat produced in the resistor R will be maximum, respectively for



- (A) (i) $R = r$, (ii) $R = 0$ (B) (i) $R = 0$, (ii) $R = r$
 (C) (i) $R = r$, (ii) $R = r$ (D) (i) $R = 0$, (ii) $R = 0$

Q 9. In the following circuit the resultant emf between AB is -

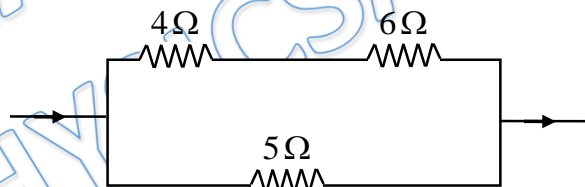


- (A) $E_1 + E_2 + E_3 + E_4$ (C) $E_1 + E_2 + (E_3/2) + E_4$
 (B) $E_1 + E_2 + 2E_3 + E_4$ (D) $E_1 + E_2 + (E_3/4) + E_4$

Q 10. Five cells each of e.m.f (E) and internal resistance (r) are connected in series. If due to oversight one cell is connected wrongly, then the equivalent e.m.f and internal resistance of the combination is -

- (A) $5E$ and $5r$ (B) $3E$ and $3r$
 (C) $3E$ and $5r$ (D) $5E$ and $4r$

Q 11. In the circuit shown in fig. the heat produced in 5 ohm resistor due to a current flowing in it is 10 cal/s. The heat produced in 4 ohm resistor is :



- (A) 4 cal/s (B) 1 cal/s
 (C) 2 cal/s (D) 3 cal/s

Q 12. 'N' equal resistors connected in series across a source of e.m.f together dissipate 4 watts of power. The power dissipated when the same resistors are connected in parallel across the same source of e.m.f is 64 watts. The number of resistors 'N' is equal to -

- (A) 8 (B) 4
 (C) 16 (D) 2



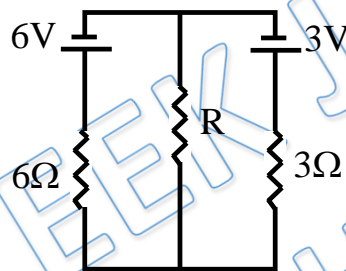
Q 13. A uniform wire connected across a supply produces heat H per second. If the wire is cut into n equal parts and all the parts are connected in parallel across the same supply, the heat produced per second will be -

- (A) H/n
- (B) nH
- (C) n^2H
- (D) H/n^2

Q 14. The same mass of copper is drawn into two wires 1 mm thick and 2 mm thick. If the two wires are connected in series and the current is passed, the heat produced in the wires will be in the ratio -

- (A) 2 : 1
- (B) 4 : 1
- (C) 1 : 16
- (D) 16 : 1

Q 15. In the circuit, the value of R is so chosen that thermal power generated in it is maximum, then value of R is -



- (A) 2 ohm
- (B) 3 ohm
- (C) 6 ohm
- (D) 9 ohm



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Answer Key

Q.1 c	Q.2 a	Q.3 c	Q.4 a	Q.5 b
Q.6 a	Q.7 d	Q.8 b	Q.9 a	Q.10 c
Q.11 c	Q.12 b	Q.13 c	Q.14 d	Q.15 a